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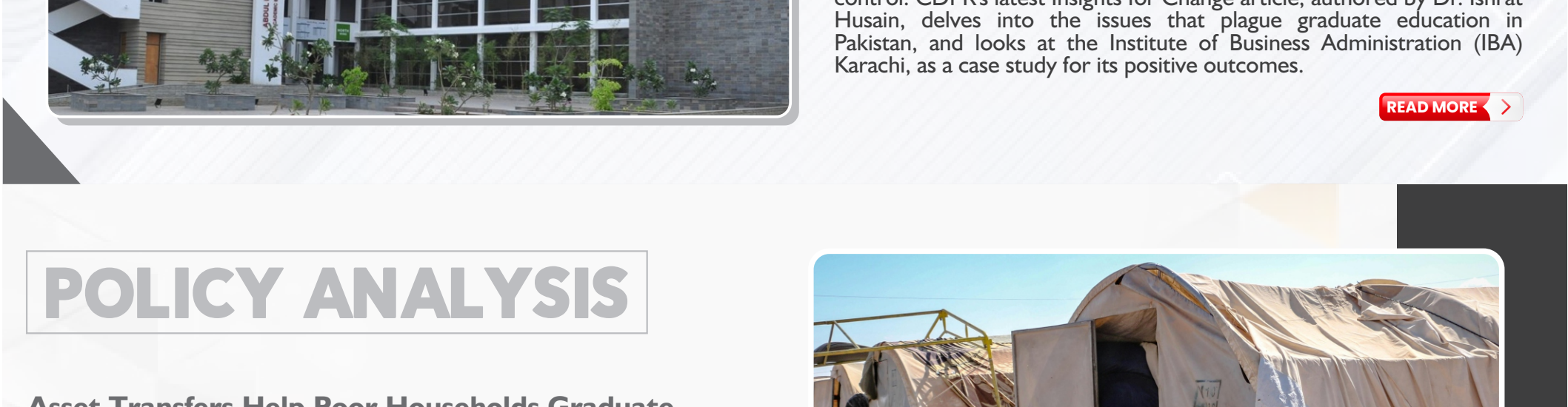
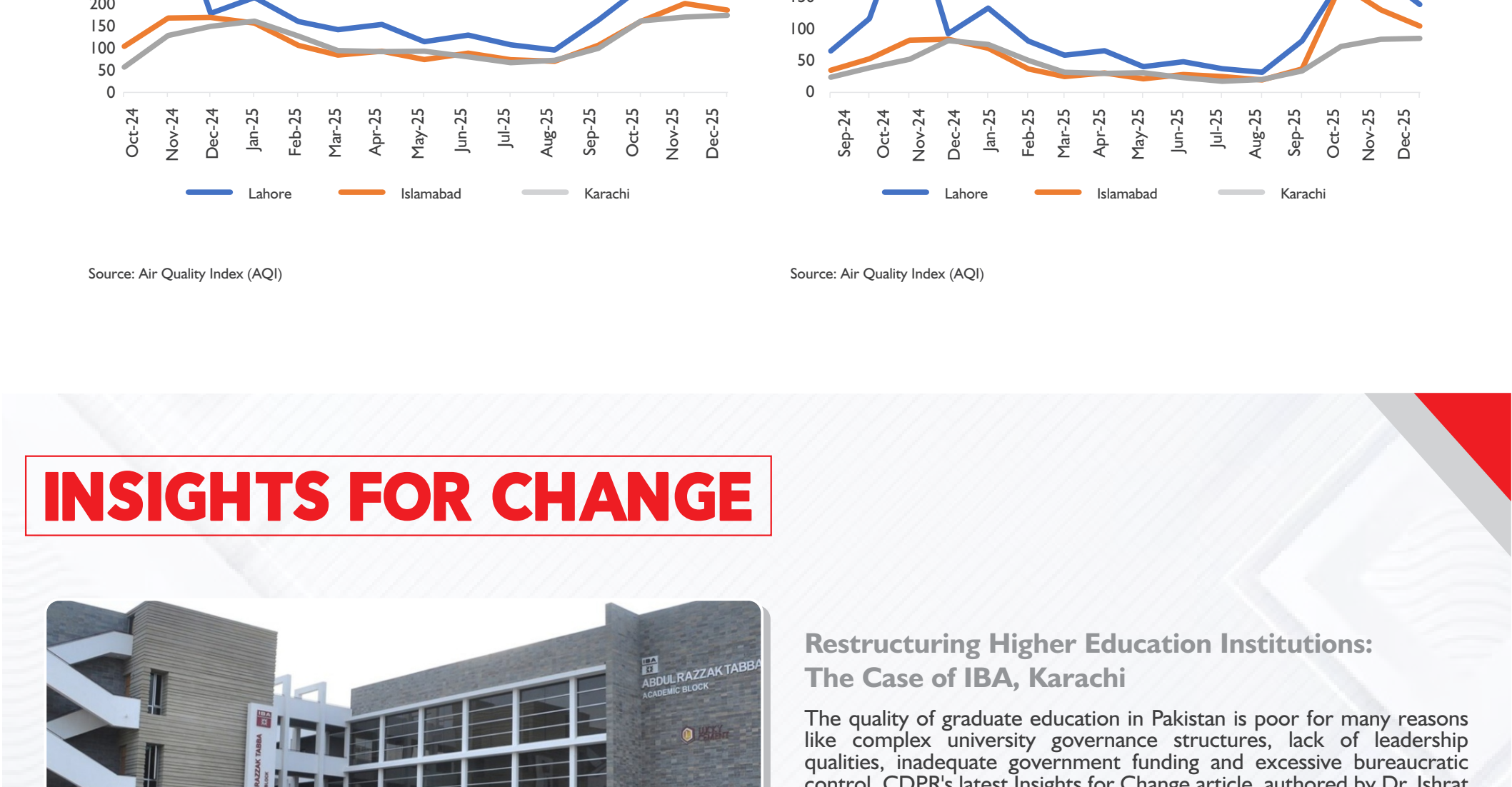
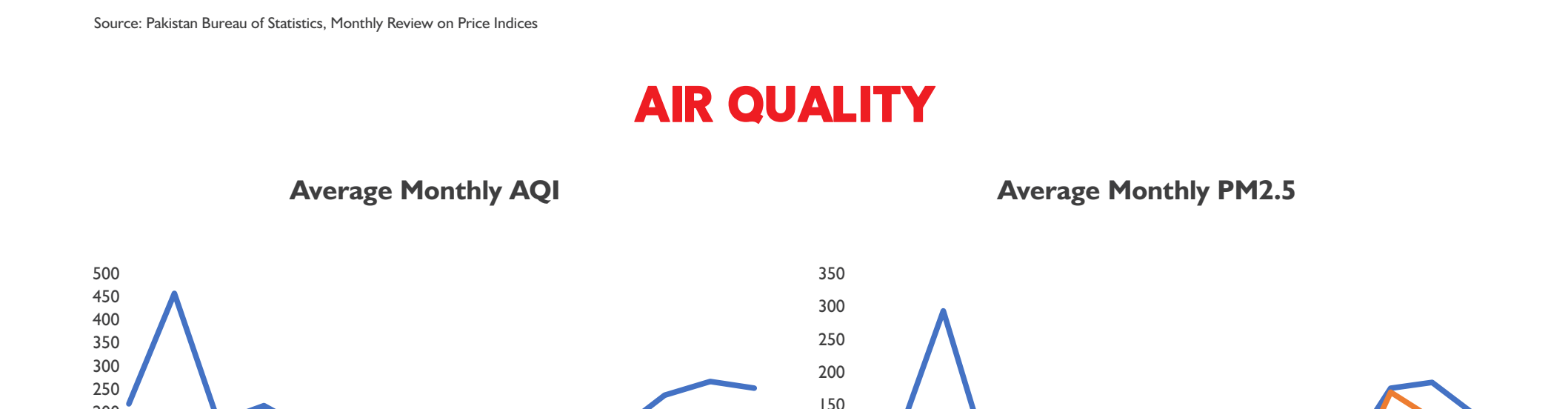
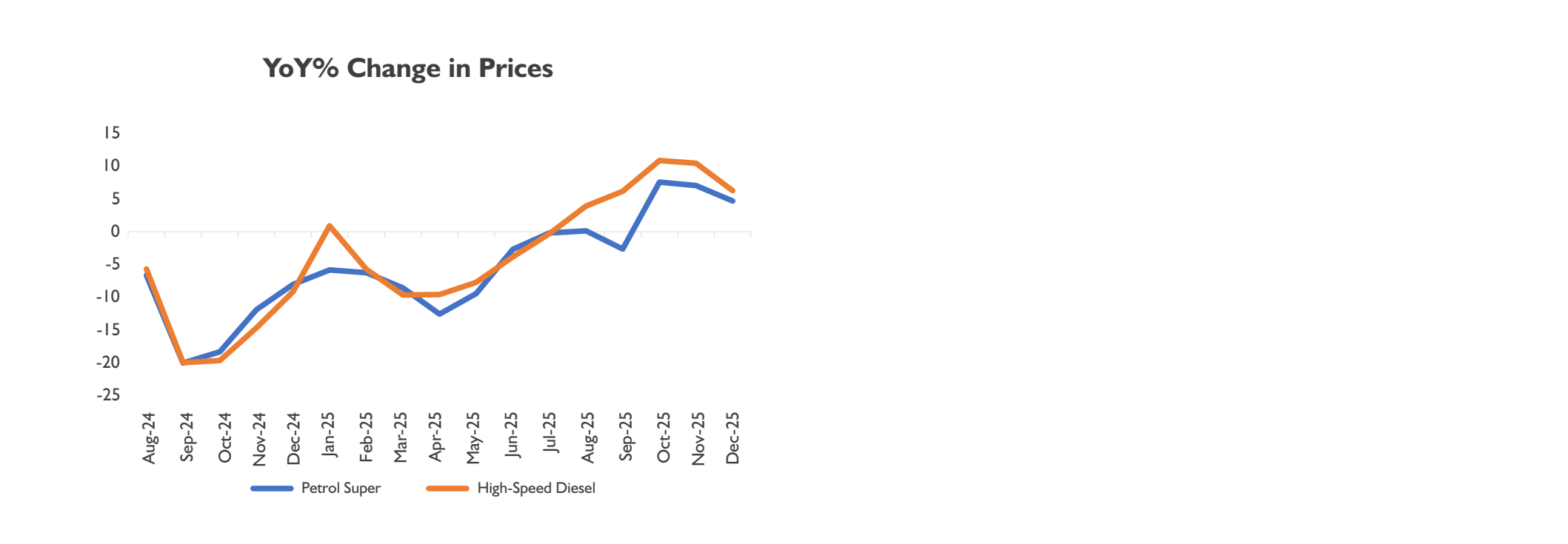
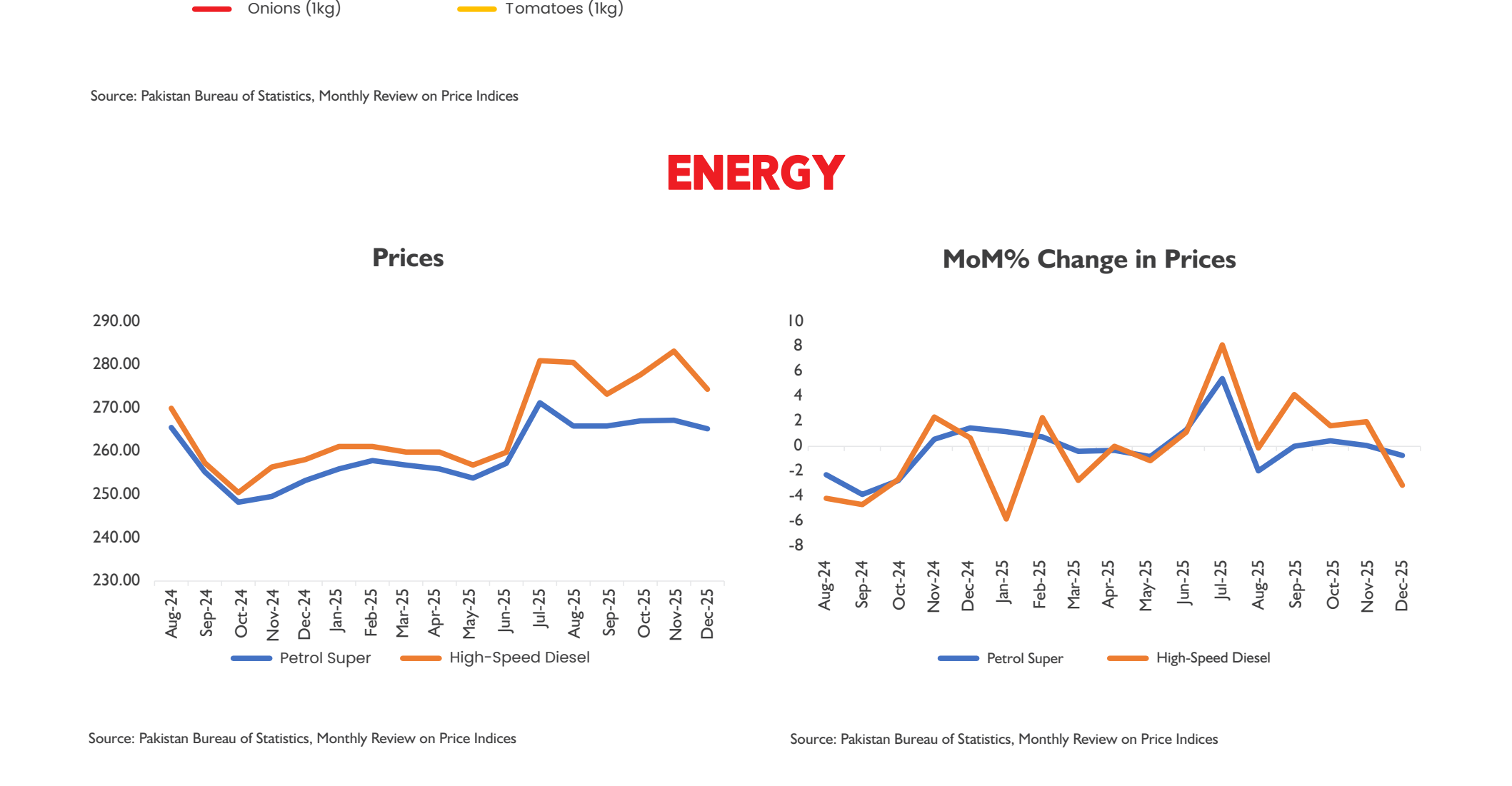
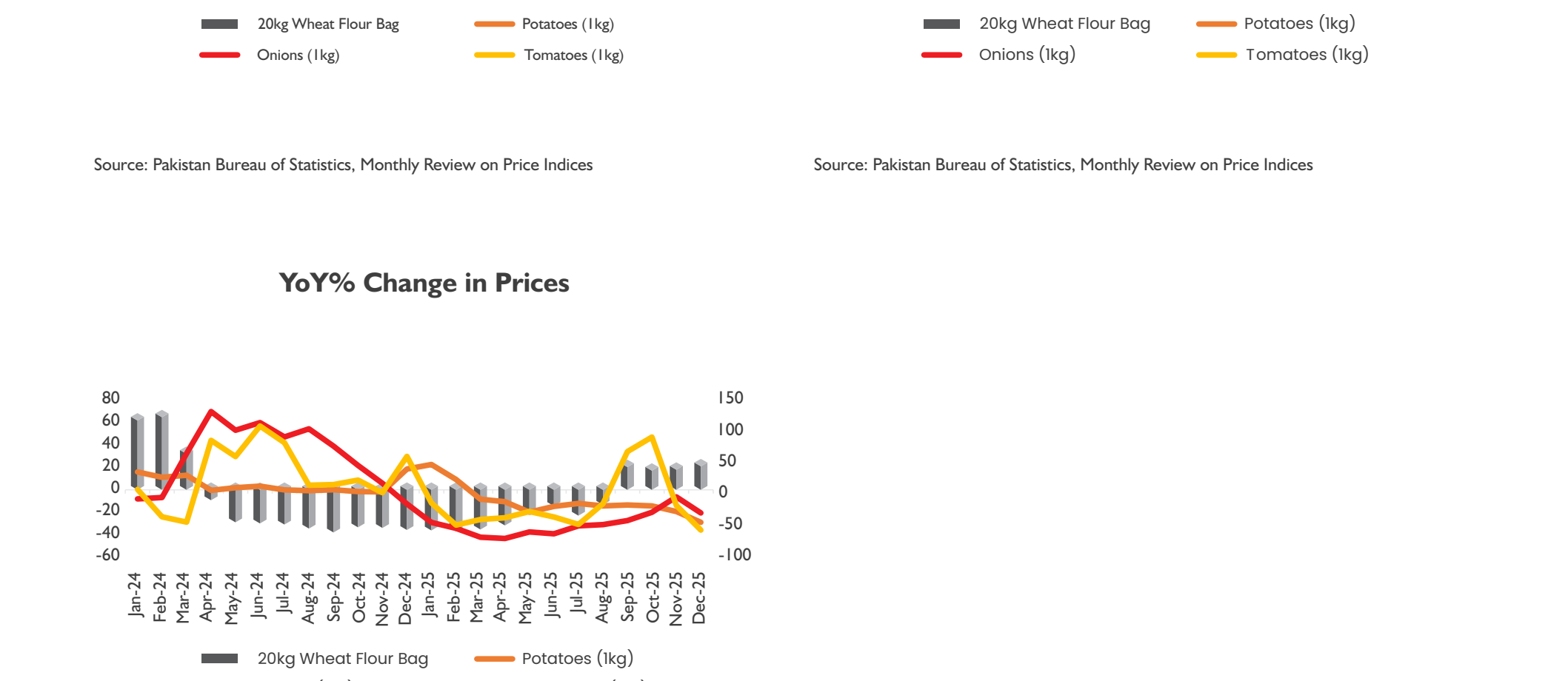
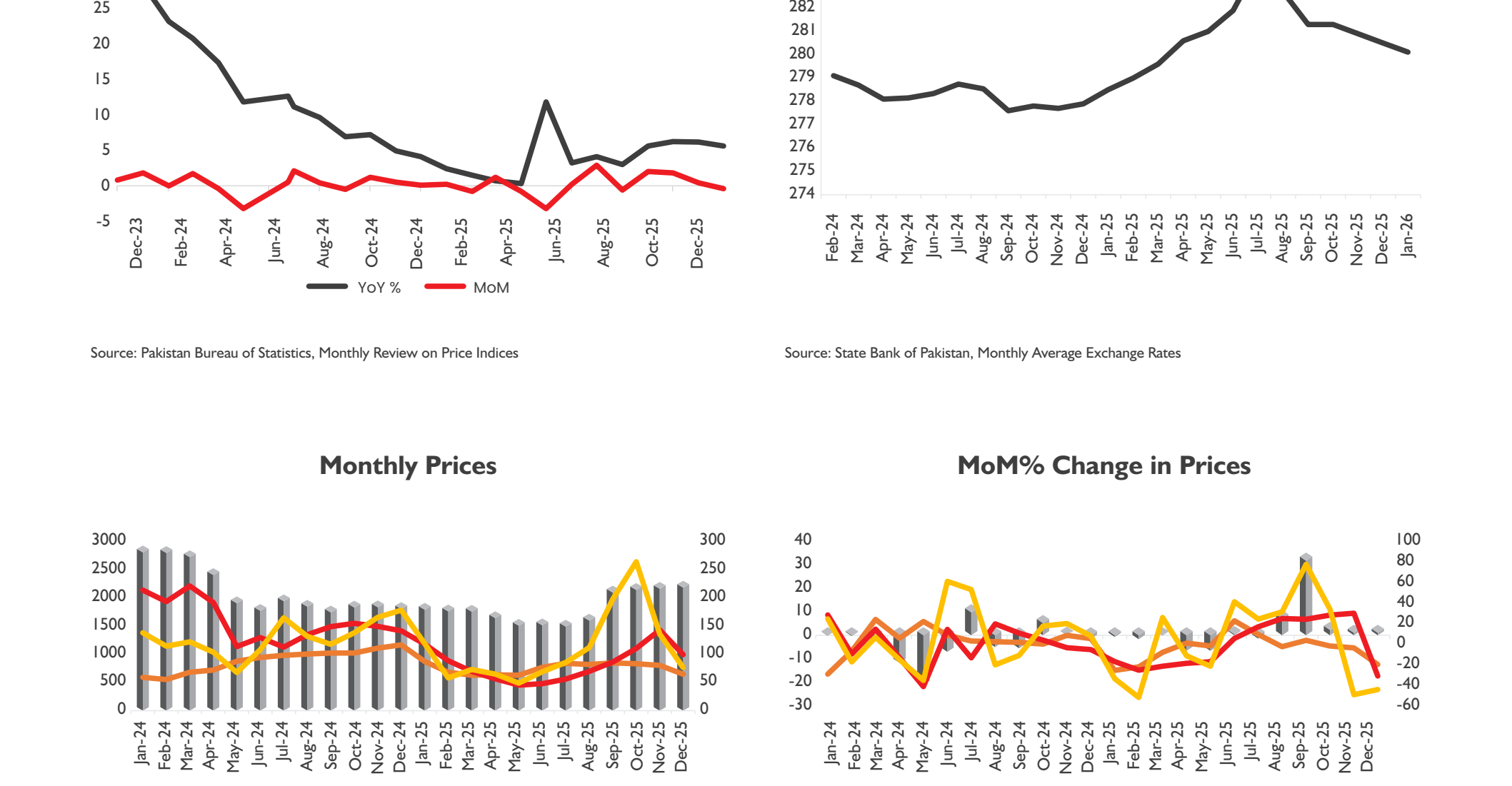
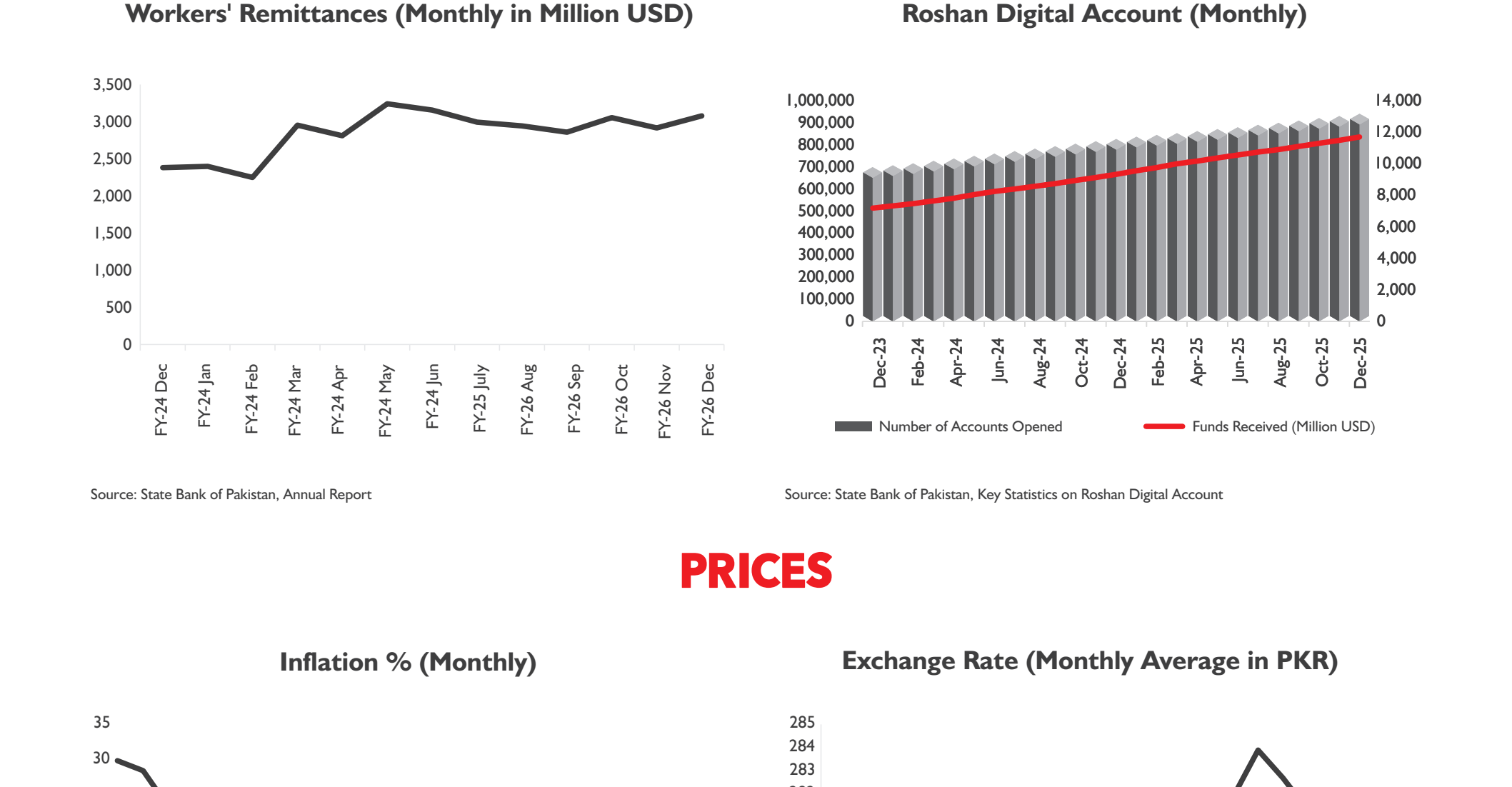
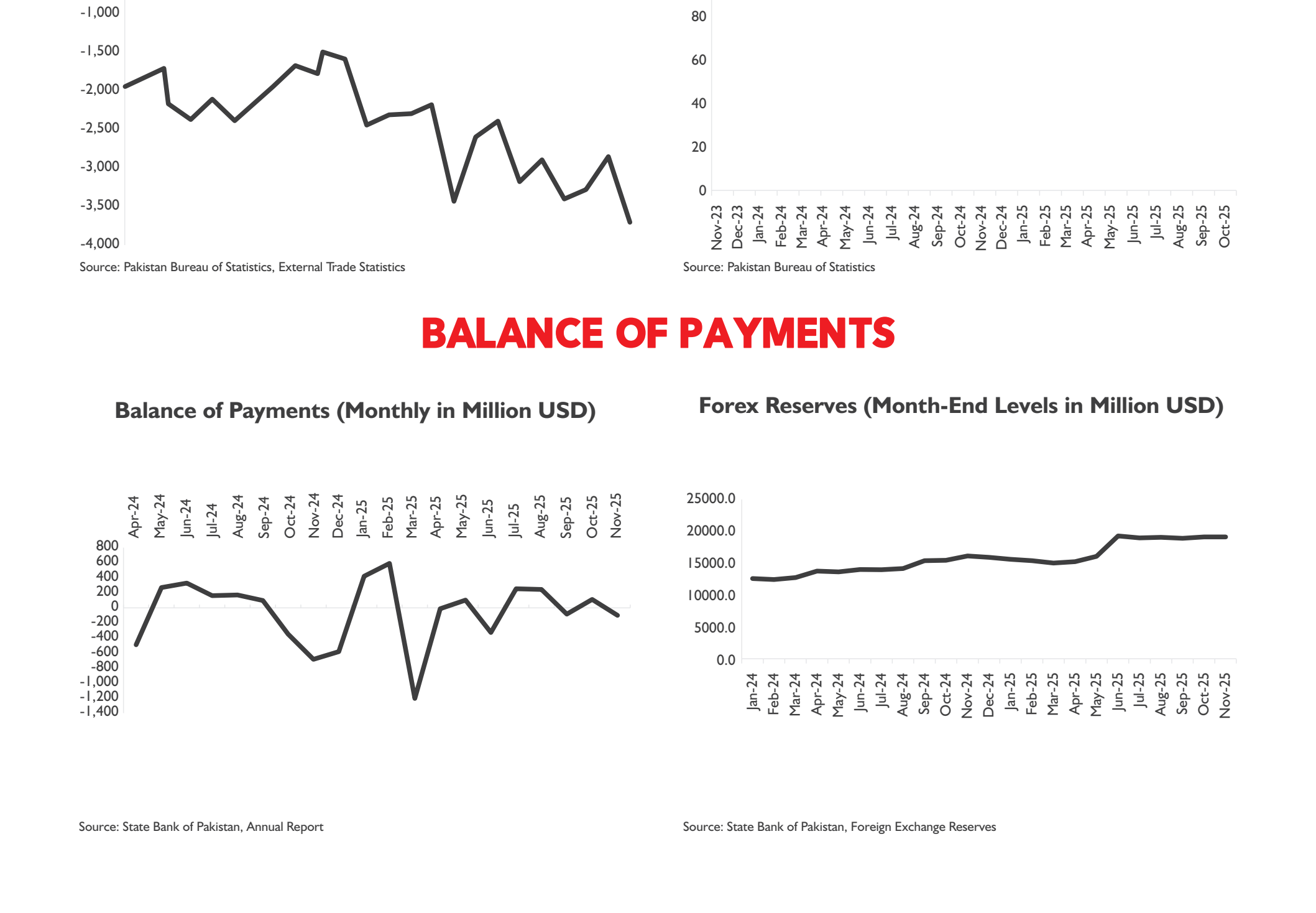
TRADE

BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

PRICES

ENERGY

AIR QUALITY



INSIGHTS FOR CHANGE

Restructuring Higher Education Institutions:  
The Case of IBA, Karachi

The quality of graduate education in Pakistan is poor for many reasons like unevenly by available research. The Consortium for Development Policy Research (CDPR) bridges this gap by communicating cutting-edge, evidence-based research on development issues in Pakistan to an audience of policymakers, students, the media and the wider public. With support from the International Growth Centre (IGC), CDPR disseminates policy briefs, hosts events, engages with the media and produces digital content to make topics in development research such as economic growth, energy, education, health and governance intelligible to both decision makers & the public.

READ MORE

POLICY ANALYSIS

Asset Transfers Help Poor Households Graduate from Poverty, but Without Resilience to Shocks, Many Risk Falling Back

The National Poverty Graduation Programme substantially improved incomes, consumption and poverty graduation outcomes among ultra-poor households in Pakistan, demonstrating that asset-based interventions can lift households out of extreme poverty. However, International Growth Centre's research by Saima Nawaz, Rocco Zizzamia and Nasir Iqbal shows that without climate resilience, stronger gender outcomes and better market linkages, many beneficiaries remain vulnerable to shocks and risk slipping back into poverty.

READ MORE

LET'S TALK DEVELOPMENT

When Floods Hit the Poor: Rethinking Poverty Graduation

When climate shocks hit the poorest, what happens to the programmes meant to lift them out of poverty? In this episode, Dr. Nasir and Dr. Adeel explore the National Poverty Graduation Programme (NPGP) – a flagship initiative aimed at moving households beyond short-term cash transfers toward sustainable livelihoods through asset transfers and skills.

LISTEN HERE

WATCH

FELLOWS' ARTICLES

Difficult Times:

IQBAL works as a driver with a rent-a-car company. He is usually working six to seven days a week. The company pays him around Rs30,000 as salary. He does make some more as overtime, and though that amount varies by the month, on average he gets another Rs20,000 or so. Adding tips to the total, he makes around Rs65,000 per month. He has a wife and two children who are still in school.

READ MORE

Shortcuts to Growth:

RECENT chatter suggests there is significant pressure on the government to move beyond macroeconomic stabilisation. With economic activity languishing, rumours of ministerial changes have popped up as well, as if somehow specific personnel are the only thing standing in the way of six per cent growth. Despite IMF tutelage, these pressures will not be easy to stave off. Something will eventually give.

READ MORE

BLOG

Every few years, Pakistan's monsoon rains trigger devastating floods with the country ill-prepared for them. This demonstrates that Pakistan's disaster preparedness and climate adaptation has yet to effectively tackle the rapidly changing monsoon patterns and climate crisis unfolding in real time. Each flood exposes the harsh realities of misgovernance, inefficient urban planning and lack of climate readiness, within the country. This blog reveals how power politics, institutional unpreparedness, and poor urban planning has exacerbated Pakistan's flood crisis.

READ MORE

The Politics of Floods in Pakistan

AYESHA ZAMAN

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